Help

```
#ifndef __time_change_levy__
#define __time_change_levy__

#include "pnl/pnl_vector.h"
#include "pnl/pnl_band_matrix.h"
#include "pnl/pnl_tridiag_matrix.h"
#include "pde_tools.h"

extern dcomplex Ctgamma_log(dcomplex z);

/*
  The two following class of model come from :

  @article {MR1995283,
    AUTHOR = {Carr, Peter and Geman, H{\ 'e}lyette and Madan, Dilip B. and
              Yor, Marc},
     TITLE = {Stochastic volatility for {L}\ 'evy processes},
   JOURNAL = {Math. Finance},
  FJOURNAL = {Mathematical Finance. An International Journal of Mathematics,
              Statistics and Financial Economics},
    VOLUME = {13},
      YEAR = {2003},
    NUMBER = {3},
     PAGES = {345--382},
      ISSN = {0960-1627},
   MRCLASS = {91B28 (60G51)},
  MRNUMBER = {MR1995283 (2005a:91054)},
  }


  CIR stochastic clock

  the CIR process can be use as rate of time change. it follows the SDE

  $$ dy_t = \ kappa \ left( \ eta - y_t \ right) dt + \ lambda \ sqrt{y_t} d W_t

*/
typedef struct _CIR_diffusion CIR_diffusion;
```

```
struct _CIR_diffusion
{
  double Kappa;
  double Eta;
  double Lambda;
  double Drift; // proportional to Drift correction
  double y0;
  double Kappa_sqr;
  double Lambda_sqr;
  double Kappa_sqr_eta_div_lambda_sqr;
  double Two_kappa_eta_div_lambda_sqr;

  double time;
  double Jump_drift;
  double Jump_drift_psi;
  void *Levy;
  dcomplex(*characteristic_exponent)(dcomplex u, void *mod);
};

extern CIR_diffusion *CIR_diffusion_create(double Kappa, double Eta, double Lamb
    void *Levy_,
    dcomplex(*characteristic_exponent_)(dcomplex, void *),
    double *jump_drift);
extern dcomplex CIR_diffusion_characteristic_exponent(dcomplex u, double t, void
extern dcomplex CIR_diffusion_ln_characteristic_function(dcomplex u, double t, v
extern double CIR_diffusion_get_sigma_square(CIR_diffusion *Process);
extern void CIR_diffusion_fourier_stiffness(CIR_diffusion *mod, double hx, doubl
extern void CIR_diffusion_update(CIR_diffusion   *process, double t);
/*

  Gamma- OU stochastic clock

  the rate of time change is now solution of the SDE

  $$ dy_t = - \ lambda y_t  dt +  d z_{\ lambda t} .$$

  Choice $z_t$ as a compound poisson process,
  $$ z_t =\ sum_{n=1}^N_t x_n$$
  where $N_t$ is a Poisson process with intensity parapmeter $\ alpha$
  and each $x_n$ follows an exponential law with mean $\ frac{1}{\ beta}$.
*/
```

```
typedef struct _GammaOU_diffusion GammaOU_diffusion;

struct _GammaOU_diffusion
{
  double Lambda;
  double Alpha;
  double Beta;
  double Drift; // proportional to Drift correction
  double y0;

  double Lambda_a;
  double Lambda_b;
  double y0_one_m_el_div_lambda;
  double y0_el;
  double one_m_el_div_lambda;
  double beta_el;

  double time;
  double Jump_drift;
  double Jump_drift_psi;
  void *Levy;
  dcomplex(*characteristic_exponent)(dcomplex u, void *mod);

};

extern GammaOU_diffusion *GammaOU_diffusion_create(double Lambda, double Alpha,
    void *Levy_,
    dcomplex(*characteristic_exponent_)(dcomplex, void *),
    double *jump_drift);
extern dcomplex GammaOU_diffusion_characteristic_exponent(dcomplex u, double t,
extern dcomplex GammaOU_diffusion_ln_characteristic_function(dcomplex u, double
extern double GammaOU_diffusion_get_sigma_square(GammaOU_diffusion *Process);
extern void GammaOU_diffusion_fourier_stiffness(GammaOU_diffusion *mod, double h
extern void GammaOU_diffusion_update(GammaOU_diffusion *process, double t);


extern void test_CIR_diffusion(void);
extern void test_GammaOU_diffusion(void);


typedef struct _Heston_diffusion Heston_diffusion;
```

```
struct _Heston_diffusion
{
  double Eta;
  double Kappa;
  double Rho;
  double Theta;
  double Sigma;
  double sigma_sqr;
  double theta_sqr;
  double sigma_sqr_d_eta_kappa;
  double etakappathetam2;
  double rho_theta;
  double Drift;
};

extern Heston_diffusion *Heston_diffusion_create(double Eta_, double Kappa_, dou
    double Theta_, double Sigma_,
    double *jump_drift);

extern dcomplex Heston_diffusion_characteristic_exponent(dcomplex u, double t, v
extern dcomplex Heston_diffusion_ln_characteristic_function(dcomplex u, double t

/*

  dS_t = (r-q-\ lambda_y \ mu) S_t dt + \ sqrt{V_t} S_t dW_t^1 + J_y S_t dq_y(t)
  dV_t = \ kappa_{nu} \ left( \ eta_{nu} + V_t \ right) + \ theta_{nu} \ sqrt{V_
  dW^1 dW^2 = \ rho dt

  (1+J_y) is a lognormally distributed with mean $\ mu_y$ and variance
  $\ sigma_y^2$

  $q_{y}$ is an indenpendent Poisson process with arrival rate
  $\ lambda_{y}$
  $\ mu= \ left( \ exp{\ mu_y+\ sigma_y^2/2}-1\ right).

*/

typedef struct _Bates_diffusion Bates_diffusion;

struct _Bates_diffusion
```

```
{
  double Eta;
  double Kappa;
  double Theta;
  double Rho;
  double Sigma;

  double mu_J;
  double Sigma_J;
  double Lambda_J;


  double sigma_sqr;
  double theta_sqr;
  double sigma_sqr_d_eta_kappa;
  double etakappathetam2;
  double rho_theta;
  double lnonepmuj;
  double sigmaj_sqr_demi;
  double Drift;
};

extern Bates_diffusion *Bates_diffusion_create(double Eta_, double Kappa_, doubl
    double Theta_, double Sigma_,
    double mu_J_,
    double Sigma_J_, double Lambda_J_, double *jump_drift);
extern dcomplex Bates_diffusion_characteristic_exponent(dcomplex u, double t, vo
extern dcomplex Bates_diffusion_ln_characteristic_function(dcomplex u, double t,
/*
  @article {MR1841412,
    AUTHOR = {Barndorff-Nielsen, Ole E. and Shephard, Neil},
     TITLE = {Non-{G}aussian {O}rnstein-{U}hlenbeck-based models and some of
              their uses in financial economics},
   JOURNAL = {J. R. Stat. Soc. Ser. B Stat. Methodol.},
  FJOURNAL = {Journal of the Royal Statistical Society. Series B.
              Statistical Methodology},
    VOLUME = {63},
      YEAR = {2001},
    NUMBER = {2},
     PAGES = {167--241},
      ISSN = {1369-7412},
```

```
   MRCLASS = {62M07 (62M09 62M10 62P20)},
  MRNUMBER = {MR1841412 (2002c:62127)},
  }

  The square volatility follows the SDE of the form :
  $$d\ sigma^2_t = -\ lambda \ sigma^2_t dt + d z_{\ lambda t }$$
  where $\ lambda >0 $ and $z$ is a subordinator.
  The risk neutral dynamic of the log price $x-t= log S_t $ are given by
  $$ dW_t=(r-q-\ lambda k(-\ rho) -\ sigma^2/2 ) dt + \ sigma_t dW_t + \ rho dz_
  \ quad x_0=log(S_0).$$

  where $k(u)= \ log{\ mean{\ exp{-u z_1}}}.
  Choice $z_t$ as a compound poisson process,
  $$ z_t =\ sum_{n=1}^N_t x_n$$
  where $N_t$ is a Poisson process with intensity parapmeter $\ alpha$
  and each $x_n$ follows an exponential law with mean $\ frac{1}{\ beta}$.
  One can show that the process $\ sigma^2_t$ is a stationary process with a
  marginal law that follows a Gamma distribution with mean $\ alpha$ and
  variance $\ frac{\ alpha}{\ beta}$. In this case,
  $$k(u)=\ frac{-au}{b+u}.$$

*/

typedef struct _BNS_diffusion BNS_diffusion;

struct _BNS_diffusion
{
  double Lambda;
  double Rho;
  double Beta;
  double Alpha;
  double Sigma0;

  double Sigma0_sqr ;
  double Lambda_m1;
  double Drift; // proportional to Drift correction
};

extern BNS_diffusion *BNS_diffusion_create(double Lambda_, double Rho_,
    double Beta_, double Alpha_,
    double Sigma0_, double *jump_drift);
```

```
extern dcomplex BNS_diffusion_characteristic_exponent(dcomplex u, double t, void
extern dcomplex BNS_diffusion_ln_characteristic_function(dcomplex u, double t, v


/*
  @article {MR1793362,
    AUTHOR = {Duffie, Darrell and Pan, Jun and Singleton, Kenneth},
     TITLE = {Transform analysis and asset pricing for affine
              jump-diffusions},
   JOURNAL = {Econometrica},
  FJOURNAL = {Econometrica. Journal of the Econometric Society},
    VOLUME = {68},
      YEAR = {2000},
    NUMBER = {6},
     PAGES = {1343--1376},
      ISSN = {0012-9682},
     CODEN = {ECMTA7},
   MRCLASS = {91B28 (60J60)},
  MRNUMBER = {MR1793362 (2001m:91081)},
}

dS_t = (r-q-\ lambda_y \ mu) S_t dt + \ sqrt{V_t} S_t dW_t^1 + J_y S_t dq_y(t) \
dV_t = \ kappa_{nu} \ left( \ eta_{nu} + V_t \ right) + \ theta_{nu} \ sqrt{V_t}
dW_t^2 + J_V dq_{\ nu}(t)

dW^1 dW^2 = \ rho dt

(1+J_y) is a lognormally distributed with mean $\ mu_y$ and variance
$\ sigma_y^2$

J_V has an exponential distribution with mean $\ mu_{nu}$

$q_{y}$ and $q_{\ nu}$ are indenpendent Poisson process with arrivals rates
$\ lambda_{y}$ and $\ lambda_{nu}$

$\ mu= \ left( \ exp{\ mu_y+\ sigma_y^2/2}-1\ right).


*/

typedef struct _DPS_diffusion DPS_diffusion;
```

```
struct _DPS_diffusion
{
  double Eta;
  double Kappa;
  double Rho;
  double Theta;
  double Sigma;

  double mu_y;
  double  Sigma_y_sqr_demi;
  double  Lambda_y;

  double  mu_v;
  double  Lambda_v;

  double  sigma_cy_sqr_demi;
  double  mu_cy;
  double  mu_cv;
  double  Lambda_c;
  double rho_j;


  double  s_lambda;


  double sigma_sqr;
  double theta_sqr;
  double sigma_sqr_d_eta_kappa;
  double etakappathetam2;
  double rho_theta;

  double Drift;
};

extern DPS_diffusion *DPS_diffusion_create(double Eta_, double Kappa_,
    double Rho_, double Theta_,
    double Sigma_, double mu_y_,
    double Sigma_y_, double Lambda_y_,
    double mu_v_, double Lambda_v_,
    double mu_cy_, double Sigma_cy_,
```

```
    double mu_cv_, double Lambda_c_,
    double rho_j_, double *jump_drift);
extern dcomplex DPS_diffusion_characteristic_exponent(dcomplex u, double t, void
extern dcomplex DPS_diffusion_ln_characteristic_function(dcomplex u, double t, v



typedef struct _Levy_diffusion Levy_diffusion;

struct _Levy_diffusion
{
  void *process;
  dcomplex(*characteristic_exponent)(dcomplex u, double t, void *mod);
  dcomplex(*ln_characteristic_function)(dcomplex u, double t, void *mod);
  // Arificial volatility term to come back to parabolic problem
  double vol_square;
};

extern Levy_diffusion *Levy_diffusion_create(void *process_, dcomplex(*characret
    dcomplex(*ln_characrteristic_function_)(dcomplex u, double t, void *mod));
extern dcomplex Levy_diffusion_characteristic_exponent(dcomplex u, double t, Lev
extern double Levy_diffusion_get_sigma_square(Levy_diffusion *Levy);
extern void Levy_diffusion_fourier_stiffness(Levy_diffusion *mod, double t, doub
extern dcomplex Levy_diffusion_ln_characteristic_function(dcomplex u, double t,
extern dcomplex Levy_diffusion_characteristic_function(dcomplex u, double t, Lev


#endif
```