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#include <stdlib.h>
#include <
href../../../../common/math/cdo/cdo_math_h_src.pdfmath.h>

#include "
href../../../../common/math/cdo/copulas_h_src.pdfcopulas.h"
#include "pnl/pnl_random.h"

/** Parameters of the Clayton copula.
 */
typedef struct
{
    double      theta;
    double      gamma_inv_theta;
    double      pow_theta;
    double      factor;
} clayton_params;

/* Computes the density of the Gamma distribution with parameter \ f$\frac{1}{\theta}$
 * \ f[
 * f(x) = \frac{1}{\Gamma(\frac{1}{\theta})} \exp(-x) x^{\{(1-\theta)/\theta\}}
 * \ f]
 * Used in the Hull&White and Laurent&Gregory approaches.
 */
static double      clayton_density(const copula      *cop,
                                   const double      x)
{
    clayton_params  *p = cop->parameters;
    return ((1. / p->gamma_inv_theta) * exp(-x) * pow(x, p->pow_theta));
}

/* Computes the conditional default probabilities \ f$p_t^{i|V}$ \ f$.
 * \ param cop the clayton copula
 * \ param f_t a double containing \ f$F_i(t)$ \ f$ the cdf of default time \ f$
 * \ param v a pointer on a grid discrizing the factor V
 * \ return an array of double of size \ c cop->size
 * \ note Used in the Hull&White and Laurent&Gregory approaches, not in Monte-Carlo
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*/
static double      *clayton_compute_prob(const copula      *cop,
      const double      f_t)
{
    double          *result;
    clayton_params *p      = cop->parameters;
    int              i;

    result = malloc(cop->size * sizeof(double));
    for (i = 0; i < cop->size; i++)
    {
        result[i] = exp(cop->points[i] * (1. - pow(f_t, -p->theta)));
    }
    return (result);
}

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/* Generates a Gamma distributed random variable by a reject method.
 * \ note Used in the Monte-Carlo approach, not in Hull&White and Laurent&Gregor
 */

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static void      gamma_generate(copula      *cop)
{
    clayton_params *p = cop->parameters;
    double          a = 1 / p->theta;
    double          a_ = a - 1;
    double          b = (a - (1 / (6 * a))) / a_;
    double          m = 2 / a_;
    double          d = m + 2;
    double          U1;
    double          U2;
    double          V;
    int              accept = 0;

    do
    {
        U1 = pnl_rand_uni(0);
        U2 = pnl_rand_uni(0);
        V = b * U2 / U1;
        if (m * U1 - d + V + (1 / V) <= 0) accept++;
        else if (m * log(U1) - log(V) + V - 1 <= 0) accept++;
    }
}

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while (accept == 0);

p->factor = a_ * V;
}

/* Computes the default time \ f$\ tau_i\ f$ defined by
* \ f[
* \ tau_i = F_i^{-1}(\ Psi(- \ log(U_i) / V))
* \ f]
* where \ f$\ Psi(s)=(1+s)^{-1/\ theta}\ f$ and \ f$F_i^{-1}\ f$ the generalization of the inverse of the
* \ warning Works only if the intensity \ f$h_i\ f$ is constant !
* \ note Used in the Monte-Carlo approach, not in Hull&White and Laurent&Gregory
*/
static int      clayton_compute_dt(const copula      *cop,
                                   const step_fun     *H,
                                   double              *time)
{
    clayton_params *p = cop->parameters;
    double         U_i;
    double         cdf_V_i;
    double         zi;

    U_i = pnl_rand_uni(0);
    cdf_V_i = pow(1. - log(U_i) / p->factor, -1 / p->theta);
    zi = -log(1. - cdf_V_i);
    if (zi >= H->data[H->size - 1].y2) return (0);
    else
    {
        *time = inverse_sf(H, zi);
        return (1);
    }
}

/* Initialization of the one-factor Clayton Copula.
*/
copula      *init_clayton_copula(const double      theta)
{
    copula      *cop;
    clayton_params *p;
    double      h;

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double      v0;
int         jv;

cop = malloc(sizeof(copula));
cop->name = "One-factor Clayton Copula";
cop->nfactor = 1;
p = malloc(sizeof(clayton_params));
p->theta = theta;
p->gamma_inv_theta = pnl_tgamma(1.0 / theta);
p->pow_theta = (1. - theta) / theta;
cop->parameters = p;
cop->size = 200;
cop->points = malloc(cop->size * sizeof(double));
cop->weights = malloc(cop->size * sizeof(double));
h = 20. / (cop->size - 1);
for (jv = 0, v0 = MINDOUBLE; jv < cop->size; jv++, v0 += h)
{
    cop->points[jv] = v0;
    cop->weights[jv] = clayton_density(cop, v0) * h;
}
cop->density = clayton_density;
cop->compute_cond_prob = clayton_compute_prob;
cop->generate = gamma_generate;
cop->compute_default_time = clayton_compute_dt;

return (cop);
}

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